



# Two-component, highly flexible, waterproofing cement-based slurry

# Description

AQUAMAT-ELASTIC is a two-component, highly flexible, brushable waterproofing slurry consisting of a cement-based powder mortar (component A) and an emulsion resin (component B). After hardening, it forms a seamless, jointless membrane, with the following advantages:

- · Crack-bridging ability.
- Total waterproofing against positive hydrostatic pressure up to 5 atm according to EN 12390-8. It can also withstand negative pressure.
- Vapor permeability.
- Suitability for potable water tanks, as well as food contact surface according to W-347.
- Resistance to UV radiation.
- Protection of concrete from carbonation.
- No corrosive effect on the reinforcing steel in concrete.
- Resistance to sewage water (sewage water treatment plants, sewers, etc.).
- Resistance to aging.
- Bonding to slightly wet surfaces without priming.
- Simple and low cost application.
- Suitability for green roofs, flower beds, etc., as it is certified as root-resistant.
- Also works as a radon barrier.

Certified according to EN 1504-2 and classified as coating for surface protection of concrete. Certificate No.: 2032-CPR-10.11.

Also certified according to EN 14891 and classified as liquid-applied, two-component, water-impermeable product CM O2P for waterproofing under tiles, in external installations (walls and floors) and swimming pools. Certificate No.: 18/18172-2980 & 20/22565-1686, APPLUS Laboratories. CE marked.

AQUAMAT-ELASTIC has been tested by the accredited German Institute MFPA Leipzig and complies with the wet duty classifications A0 and B0 in accordance with the ZDB technical directive 2010 "Verbundabdichtungen" for waterproofing under plates and tiles in household wet areas, balconies and flat roofs. Certification No.: P-SAC 02/5.1/16-127 as waterproofing system under

plates and tiles, P-SAC 02/5.1/16-129 as waterproofing systems for buildings.

Complies also with the requirements of the German building regulation DIN 18195-2 Tab. 7 & 8 (crack bridging, bonding, waterproofing, resistance to alkalis, etc.) for waterproofing under plates and tiles, as well as waterproofing of building structures.

AQUAMAT-ELASTIC has been also tested and approved by the German Institute TÜV Rheinland LGA Bautechnick GmbH for being resistant, when in contact with sewage water.

It has also been tested and approved as a radon barrier by the Federal Budgetary Scientific Institution, Saint Petersburg Professor P.V. Ramzaev, Scientific Research Institute for Radiation Hygiene.

Also certified as root-resistant, according to UNE CEN/TS 14416 EX: 2014.

# Fields of application

It is used for waterproofing surfaces made of concrete, plaster, bricks, cement blocks, terrazzo, gypsum boards, wood, metal, etc. Ideal in cases where high flexibility and good adhesion of the waterproofing layer are required.

Suitable for waterproofing substrates subject to expansion-contraction or vibration and show or are expected to show hairline cracks, such as flat roofs, balconies, above ground water tanks, swimming pools, inverted roofs, etc.

It can also be used for waterproofing basements, internally or externally, against moisture or water under pressure.

# **Technical data**

Base:	Component A cementitious powder	Component B acrylic polymer dispersion
Colors:	grey, white	white
Mixing ratio:	2.5 parts by weight	1 part by weight











 $0.00594 \text{ kg/m}^2 \cdot \text{h}^{0.5}$ 

# AQUAMAT-ELASTIC

Wet mix: AQUAMAT-ELASTIC Grey

Mixing time: 3 min Permeability to CO<sub>2</sub>: 140 m

Pot life: 60 min (+20°C) (EN 1062-6 Method A, requirement:  $S_d > 50$ m)

Bulk density

of dry mortar:  $1.40 \pm 0.05$  kg/l Capillary absorption and

Bulk density permeability to water: (EN 1062-3, requirement

of fresh mortar:  $1.70 \pm 0.1 \text{ kg/l}$  (EN 1062-3, requirement of EN 1504-2: w < 0.1)

Final properties acc. to EN 14891 Water vapor

Initial tensile permeability: S<sub>d</sub> = 0.61 m (EN ISO 7783-2,

adhesion strength:  $\geq 0.7$  Class I:  $S_d < 5$  m)

Compressive strength
Tensile adhesion strength

after 28 days:  $10.00 \pm 2.00 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

after water contact:  $\geq 0.6$  (EN 12190) (requirement:  $\geq 0.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ )

Tensile adhesion strength

(to be described by the strength after 28 days:

6.00 ±1.00 N/mm²

after 28 days: after heat aging: ≥ 0.8 (EN 12190)

(requirement: ≥ 0.5 N/mm²)

Adhesion strength: ≥ 1.0 N/mm²

Tensile adhesion strength
after freeze thaw cycles: ≥ 0.6

(requirement:  $\geq 0.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ) Crack-bridging ability: 0.4 mm

Tensile adhesion strength (DIN 18195-2)

after contact with lime water: ≥ 0.5 Crack-bridging ability

(requirement: ≥ 0.5 N/mm²) at +23°C: Class A4 –

Tensile adhesion strength

After contact

Water penetration under

after contact

with chlorinated water: ≥ 0.6

Water penetration unde positive hydrostatic

(requirement:  $\geq 0.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ) pressure: no penetration (EN 12390-8, 3 days at 5 bar)

Crack-bridging ability at +23°C: ≥ 1.13

(requirement: ≥ 0.75 mm)

Water penetration under negative hydrostatic

Crack-bridging ability at -20°C: ≥ 0.90 pressure: no penetration

(requirement: ≥ 0.75 mm) (at 1.5 bar)
Waterproofing (7 days

(Requirement: ≥ 0.8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>)

at 1.5 bar, requirement:

impermeable to water

AQUAMAT-ELASTIC White

Permeability to CO<sub>2</sub>: 129 m

and  $\leq$  20 g mass increase): no penetration (EN 1062-6 Method A, requirement: S<sub>d</sub> > 50 m)

Final properties acc. to EN 13687-1 & EN 13687-2

Capillary absorption

Adhesion strength after thermal compatibility and permeability

For outside application with de-icing salt influence:

to water:

0.009 kg/m²·h<sup>0.5</sup>

Freeze-thaw cycling with de-icing salt immersion (50 cycles) and (EN 1062-3, requirement of EN 1504-2: w < 0.1)

Thunder-shower cycling Water vapor permeability:  $S_d = 0.21 \text{ m}$  (thermal shock) (10 cycles): 1.2 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (EN ISO 7783-2, Class I:  $S_d < 5 \text{ m}$ )

The technical information and instructions supplied in this datasheet are based on the knowledge and experience of the Research and Development Department of our company and on results from long-term applications of the product in practice. The recommendations and suggestions referring to the use of the product are provided without guarantee, since site conditions during the applications are beyond the control of our company. Therefore, the user is responsible for confirming that the chosen product is suitable for the envisaged application. The present edition of this technical datasheet automatically cancels any previous one concerning the same product. | Edition: 30.03.2022



# UAIMAT7-ELAS<sup>e</sup>

Compressive strength

after 28 days:  $10.00 \pm 2.00 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

(EN 12190)

Flexural strength after 28 days: 6.00 ±1.00 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

(EN 12190)

Adhesion strength

≥ 1.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (EN 1542):

Crack-bridging ability: 0.4 mm

(DIN 18195-2)

Crack-bridging ability

at +23°C: Class A4 -

crack width > 1.25 mm (EN 1062-7, Method A)

Water penetration under

positive hydrostatic

pressure: no penetration (EN 12390-8, 3

days at 5 bar)

Water penetration under

negative hydrostatic

pressure:

(at 1.5 bar)

no penetration

#### Durability against:

after approx. 4 hours Rain: after approx. 1 day Walking: Tile fixing: after approx. 1 day Water under

after approx. 7 days pressure: after approx. 3 days Backfill:

# **Directions for use**

#### 1. Substrate preparation

- The substrate must be clean, free of oil or grease, loose material, dust, etc.
- Water leaks should be plugged with AQUAFIX ultra rapid-setting, cementitious leak-plugging mortar.
- Any cavities on concrete surface should be filled and smoothed out with DUROCRET, RAPICRET or a cement mortar improved with ADIPLAST, after all loose aggregate has been removed and the surface has been well dampened.

- Starter bars and spacers should be cut to a depth of about 3 cm into concrete and holes should be filled. as described above.
- Existing construction joints are opened longwise in a V shape to a depth of about 3 cm and are subsequently filled, as above.
- Corners, like wall-floor junctions, should be filled and smoothly rounded with DUROCRET or a cement mortar improved with ADIPLAST (formation of a fillet, triangular in cross section, with sides of 5-6 cm).
- In case of masonry walls, joints should be first filled carefully, otherwise it is recommended to apply a cement mortar layer first improved with ADIPLAST.
- For waterproofing basements in old buildings, the existing plaster should be removed to a height of at least 50 cm above water level, before proceeding as above.
- Wherever flat surface formation is required (smoothing, slope creation, etc.) the use of DUROCRET, RAPICRET or a mortar improved with ADIPLAST is recommended.

### 2. Application

The 25 kg bag of component A is added to the 10 kg of the liquid component B under continuous stirring, until a uniform, viscous mixture is formed, suitable for brush application.

The substrate must be pre-wetted to a saturated surface dry condition before application. The surface to be covered with AQUAMAT-ELASTIC must be free of standing water.

The material is applied by brush in two or more layers, depending on the water load. Layers thicker than 1 mm should be avoided, because the material may crack. Each new coating is applied after the previous one has dried.

The freshly coated surface should be protected from high temperatures, rain and frost. In case AQUAMAT-ELASTIC needs to be locally reinforced (inside corners where forming fillets is not necessary, at junctions, etc.), the use of a 10 cm wide polyester fleece (30 g/m<sup>2</sup>) or fiberglass mesh (65 g/m<sup>2</sup>) is recommended.



### Consumption

Depending on the water load, minimum consumption and relevant thickness should be as follows:

Water load	Minimum consumption	Minimum thickness
Moisture	2.0 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	~ 1.5 mm
Water without	3.0 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	~ 2.0 mm
pressure	3.0 kg/111	~ 2.0 111111
Water under	3.5-4.0 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	~ 2.5 mm
pressure	3.5-4.0 kg/III	~ 2.5 11111

# **Packaging**

- 35 kg packaging (25 kg cement-based powder mortar + 10 kg emulsion resin), in grey and white.
- 18 kg packaging (12.9 kg cement-based powder mortar + 5.1 kg emulsion resin), in white.
- 7 kg packaging (5 kg cement-based powder mortar + 2 kg emulsion resin), in white.

# Shelf life - Storage

#### **Component A:**

12 months from production date if stored in original, unopened packaging in a frost-free and dry place.

### Component B:

12 months from production date if stored in original, unopened packaging, at temperatures between +5°C and +35°C. Protect from direct sunlight and frost.

### Remarks

- In case of water under pressure, care should be taken so that pumping, which keeps the water level low, does not stop before AQUAMAT-ELASTIC has sufficiently hardened. About 7 days are needed.
- In case of water under pressure, the structure bearing the waterproofing layer (wall, floor, etc.) should be properly designed in order to be sufficiently static to withstand hydrostatic pressure.
- In case of operational walkable floors, the floor surface waterproofed with AQUAMAT-ELASTIC should be protected with a cement mortar layer.
- Temperature during application should be between +5°C and +35°C.
- Due to cement content, the component A of AQUAMAT-ELASTIC reacts with water forming alkaline solutions, thus is classified as irritant.
- Consult the directions for safe use and precautions written on the packaging before use.

# **Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)**

According to Directive 2004/42/CE (Annex II, table A), the maximum allowed VOC content for the product subcategory j, type WB is 140 g/l (2010) for the ready-to-use product. The ready-to-use product AQUAMAT-ELASTIC contains a maximum of 140 g/l VOC.





2032

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2032-CPR-10.11

DoP No.: AQUAMAT-ELASTIC GREY/1623-01

#### EN 1504-2

Surface protection products

Coating

Permeability to CO<sub>2</sub>: Sd > 50 m

Water vapor permeability: Class I (permeable)

Capillary absorption: w < 0.1 kg/m<sup>2</sup>·h<sup>0.5</sup>

Adhesion: ≥ 1.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Reaction to fire: Euroclass F

Dangerous substances comply with 5.3



2032

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2032-CPR-10.11

DoP No.: AQUAMAT-ELASTIC WHITE/1624-01

#### EN 1504-2

Surface protection products

Coating

Permeability to CO<sub>2</sub>: Sd > 50 m

Water vapor permeability: Class I (permeable)

Capillary absorption: w < 0.1 kg/m<sup>2</sup>·h<sup>0.5</sup>

Adhesion: ≥ 1.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Reaction to fire: Euroclass F

Dangerous substances comply with 5.3





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#### EN 14891:2012

Liquid applied, two component, water impermeable product CM O2P for external installations and swimming pools on walls and floors beneath ceramic tiling (bonded with C2 adhesive in accordance with **EN 12004**)

DoP No.: AQUAMAT ELASTIC / 1614-01

Initial tensile adhesion strength: ≥ 0.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Tensile adhesion strength after water contact: ≥ 0.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Tensile adhesion strength after heat ageing: ≥ 0.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Tensile adhesion strength

after contact with lime water: ≥ 0.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Waterproofing: No penetration

Crack bridging ability under standard conditions: ≥ 0.75 mm

Crack bridging ability at very low temperature (-20°C): ≥ 0.75 mm

Tensile adhesion strength after freeze-thaw cycles: ≥ 0.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Tensile adhesion strength after contact with chlorinated water: ≥ 0.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

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